



California Camp Warner Springs SERE

Facility and Location

Survival, Evasion, Resistance, and Escape (SERE) training is conducted at the Navy's Remote Training Site in Warner Springs. Navy and Marine Corps personnel who risk capture during wartime (i.e., aviators) undergo SERE training at an elevation of 3,200 feet. The camp consists of a headquarters area with an administrative building, several staff barracks buildings, a wastewater treatment plant, and a training compound. Camp Warner Springs SERE is dependent upon two wells for its water supply: a main well (No. 1) and a backup well (No. 2). There are no connections to any other water systems.

Media Sampled and Findings

Drinking Water — In 2010, two samples reported no detection. In 2009, one sample reported no detection. In 2008, two samples reported no detection. In 2007, one sample detected perchlorate at 0.18 ppb.

Groundwater — In 2011, one sample detected perchlorate at 1.1 ppb. In 2010, one sample reported no detection. In 2008, one of two samples detected perchlorate at 1.4 ppb. Prior to 2007, one of seven samples detected perchlorate at 0.14 ppb.

Appropriate Actions

Not Applicable. All samples were below the EPA and DoD Preliminary Remediation Goal of 15 ppb and the California Maximum Contaminant Level for drinking water of 6 ppb.